# **Are You Pregnant?**Buckling Up for Two

Child Safety Facts 2025

## Protecting yourself protects your baby in a car crash.

### The basics

- Get checked by a doctor if you are in any crash. Even in a minor crash, your unborn baby could be injured. This can happen even if you don't feel hurt.
- Wear a seat belt on every ride and in any seating position.
- Wear the seat belt correctly. (See the drawing.)
- Always use a lap-shoulder belt.
   It will protect you and baby much better than only a lap belt.
- An air bag will protect you and your unborn baby in a crash. Do not turn it off! Sit back, away from where the air bag comes out. Move your seat as far back as you can. Always wear a seat belt, even when there is an air bag.
- When driving, avoid letting your belly touch the steering wheel.
   If needed, tilt or shorten the steering wheel. It should go toward your chest, not your face.
- Whenever possible:
  - Let others do the driving
  - Limit travel.
  - Plan rides to avoid darkness, bad weather, and other risky situations.

Make
Every Ride
A Safe Ride



A car crash is one of the most serious dangers to your unborn baby.

Car crashes kill or injure more unborn babies than babies in their first year life. There are many things you can do to keep both of you safe.

# Always use a seat belt— even when you are pregnant

Steering wheel away from belly (and not tipped to vard face)

Move the seat back as far as you can.
Use a lap *and* shoulder belt on every ride.

# Wear a seat bel

A spat belt should not cross your belly!

**Keep the lap belt low.** Make sure it stays below your belly.

- Place the shoulder belt across your chest, above your belly. Never put it behind you, under your arm, or off your shoulder.
- Make the belt snug. Pull up on the shoulder belt to make the lap belt snug.
- Wear the belt close to your body. If wearing a coat, open it to your sides, out from under the belt. This helps the lap part of the belt stay low.

### More ways to protect your unborn baby

**Drive less often, if you can.** Carpool to work so you are not behind the wheel. Plan your errands so you make fewer trips. Shop online. Ask people to come to you for visits. Go by air, not by car, if you must take a long trip.

**Avoid crash risks.** Try not to drive at night or in bad weather, when possible. Never drive when sleepy or using a cell phone. Never ride with a driver who is sleepy, distracted, or affected by alcohol or drugs.

**Use a safe car.** Make sure your car is in good condition. Check your vehicle tires, brakes, and lights often. If you are buying a car, choose one with good safety ratings and a roomy back seat for baby. Find crash ratings at www.iihs. org and www.nhtsa.gov. Check cars for recalls at www.nhtsa.gov/recalls.

See other side for tips on how to use a child car seat correctly.

# Basics of car safety for newborns

Never ride with a baby in your arms. It is impossible to safely hold a baby in a crash, even at low speed.

Use a car safety seat (car seat) rear facing as long as possible. This is the best way to protect baby's head and neck in a crash.

Check your state law to learn how children *must* ride. (See Resources.)

Be sure the car seat is approved. A label must say, "This child restraint system conforms to all applicable Federal motor vehicle safety standards."

#### Install baby's car seat in the back.

The back seat is safer for baby than the front seat. Use the center seat in the back if the car seat fits well there. If a baby *must* ride in the front seat, be sure the passenger air bag is off. (See the car owner's manual.)

Always follow car seat instructions and the car owner's manual.

Make sure the seat belt or LATCH belt holds baby's car seat tightly.

Keep the car seat straps buckled and snug over baby's body.

Do not wrap baby in a blanket. If a blanket is needed, put it over the straps after baby is buckled up properly.

Practice using your car seat before baby is born. Your hospital or clinic may offer a car seat safety class.

Pack for baby's first ride:

I car seat

Instructions for car seat

and car

Small baby clothes

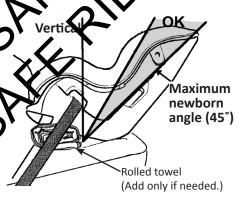
Small blankets, in case
you need them to pad
around baby (but never
under the harness)

### Find a car seat for baby

- A rear-facing-only car seat is small and must be used facing the rear of the car only. It has a handle for carrying outside the car. Most can be used with a base that stays in the car.
- A convertible car seat faces the rear for a baby up to 30 pounds or more.
   When baby is old enough, this type can be turned to face forward.
- Be sure the car seat's harness will fit baby snugly. The straps must go into the car seat at or below baby's shoulders. The lowest position for the straps should be less than 8 inches above the seat pad.

### Try the car seat in your car

Be sure it can be installed correctly in the back seat using the seat belt or LATCH belt. The call seat must recline properly in your car (as shown and not move more than one inch when pushed/pulled near the belt. Follow the instructions for the car and car seat. See Resources to find help.





Rear-facing-only seat, for a oxid up to 22 to 35 pounds (check label).



**Convertible seat**, for a child up to 30 to 50 pounds when facing the rear (check label).

# Planning to use a second-hand car seat? Keep in mind:

- Newer seats are often easier to use and have better safety features.
- Do not use a car seat after its "do not use" date. If you cannot find this date, do not use the car seat if it was made more than six years ago.
- If the car seat has been in a crash, it should not be used again. If you don't know for sure, don't use it.
- If the manual is missing, contact the car seat maker to get a copy.
- Check for recalls at www.NHTSA.gov.

#### Resources.

#### National Vehicle Safety Hotline: 888-327-4236, 888-275-9171 (tty), or www.NHTSA.gov

Find someone to help: 866-732-8243, www.seatcheck.org (select Inspection under Installation Help) or www. safekids.org/find-a-tech

**Child occupant laws:** Search "child law" at www.iihs.org.

Car Seat Basics training: Free, one-hour e-learning; www.carseateducation.org.

#### **American Academy of Pediatrics:**

At www.healthychildren.org, select On The Go under Safety & Prevention.

#### SafetyBeltSafe U.S.A.:

800-745-7233 or www.carseat.org

Hudson Center for Prenatal Vehicle Safety: https://hcpvs.org